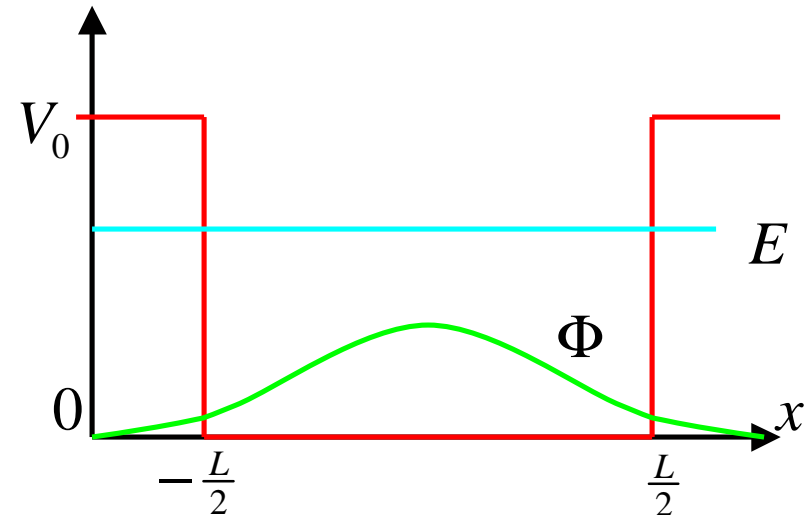


Stationary states in the square well

02/23/2005

$$\alpha = \sqrt{\frac{2m}{\hbar^2} (V_0 - E)}$$

$$k = \sqrt{\frac{2m}{\hbar^2} E}, \quad k_V = \sqrt{\frac{2m}{\hbar^2} V_0}$$



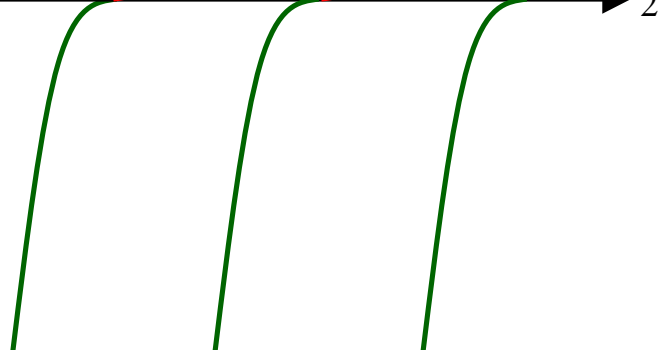
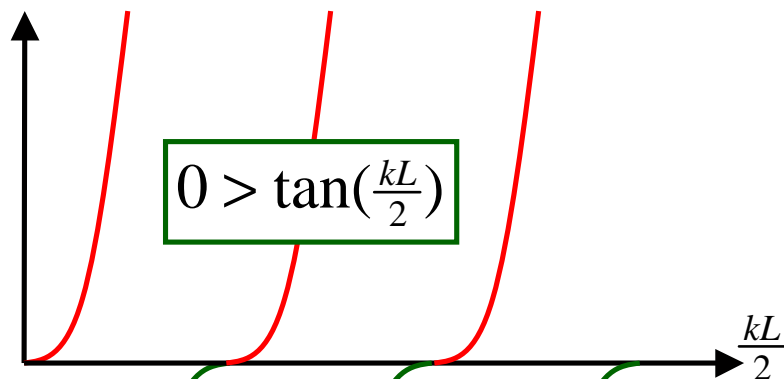
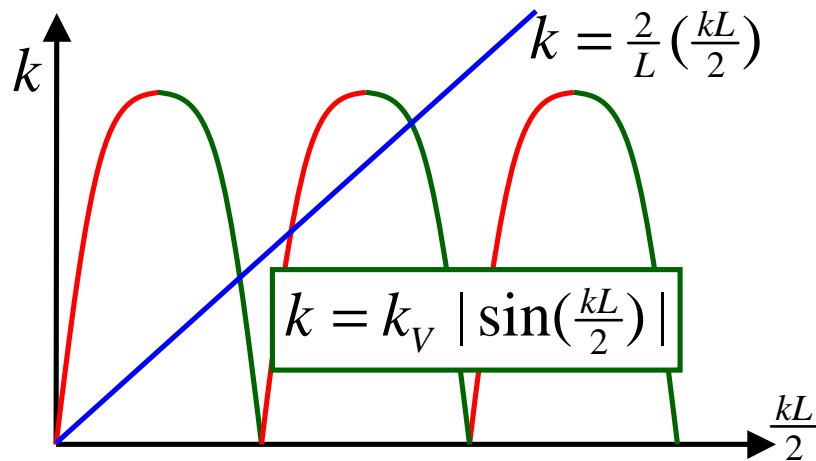
$$z = \frac{L}{2}: \left. \begin{aligned} kAe^{-\alpha \frac{L}{2}} &= kB \sin(k \frac{L}{2} + \varphi) \\ -\alpha A e^{-\alpha \frac{L}{2}} &= kB \cos(k \frac{L}{2} + \varphi) \end{aligned} \right\} \rightarrow \left\{ \begin{aligned} A^2 e^{-\alpha L} (k^2 + \alpha^2) &= k^2 B^2 \\ \frac{A^2}{B^2} e^{-\alpha L} &= \frac{E}{V_0} = \frac{k^2}{k_V^2} \end{aligned} \right.$$

$$\left. \begin{aligned} \pm \frac{k}{k_V} &= \sin(k \frac{L}{2} + \varphi) \\ \mp \alpha \frac{k}{k_V} &= k \cos(k \frac{L}{2} + \varphi) \end{aligned} \right\} \rightarrow \left\{ \begin{aligned} \frac{k}{k_V} &= |\sin(\frac{kL}{2} + \varphi)| \\ 0 &> \tan(\frac{kL}{2} + \varphi) \end{aligned} \right.$$

$$\frac{k}{k_V} = -\text{sign}[\cos(\frac{k}{k_V} \frac{k_V L}{2} + \varphi)] \sin(\frac{k}{k_V} \frac{k_V L}{2} + \varphi)$$

Graphical determination of possible wave numbers

02/23/2005



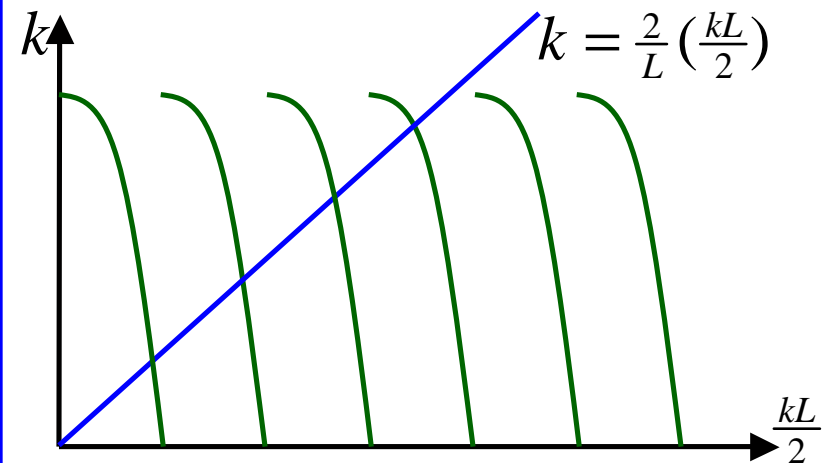
$$\frac{k}{k_v} = \left| \sin\left(\frac{kL}{2} + \varphi\right) \right|$$

and

$$0 > \tan\left(\frac{kL}{2} + \varphi\right)$$

with

$$\varphi = 0 \quad \text{or} \quad \varphi = \frac{\pi}{2}$$

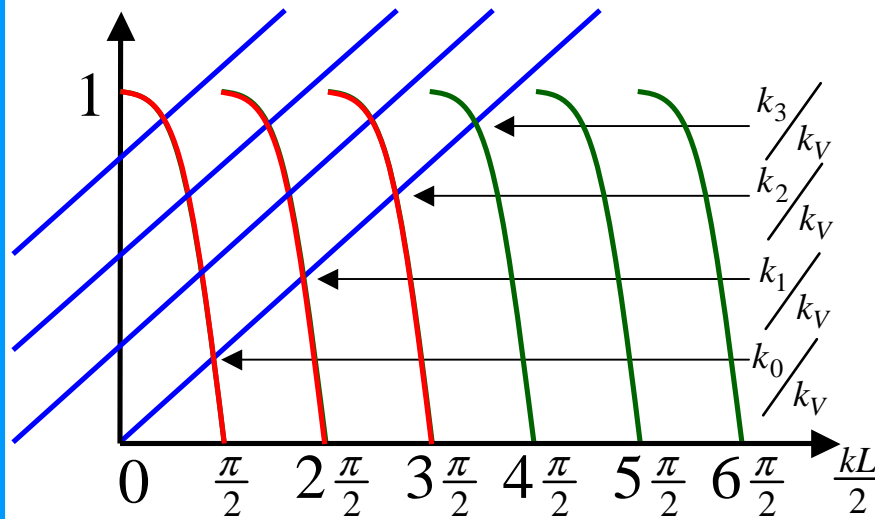


Square well

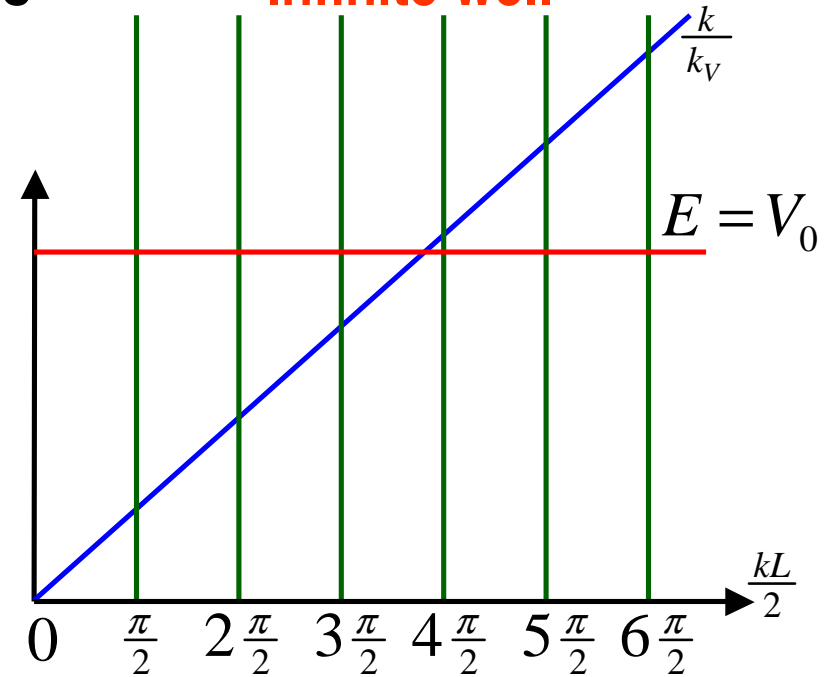
versus

Infinite well

02/23/2005

Stationary states for the **finite** well:

$$\frac{k}{k_v} = \cos(\text{mod}[\frac{kL}{2}, \frac{\pi}{2}])$$

Stationary states for the **infinite** well:

$$k = n \frac{\pi}{L}, \quad \text{mod}[\frac{kL}{2}, \frac{\pi}{2}] = 0$$

- The **finite potential** well with height V_0 has one stationary state more than the **infinite potential** well has states with energies below V_0 .

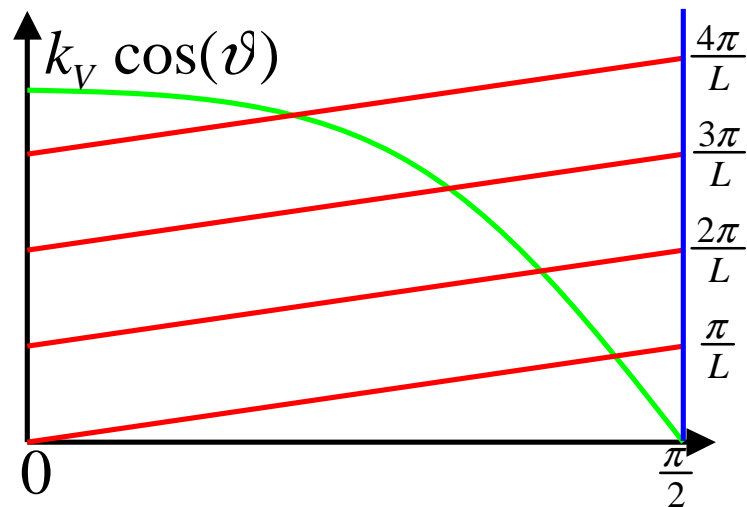
- Number of solutions = $\text{int}[\frac{k_v L}{\pi}] + 1 = \text{int}[\frac{L}{\pi} \sqrt{\frac{2m}{\hbar^2} V_0}] + 1$
- There is at least one bound state, and it is symmetric.

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Graphic determination of states for the square well

Finite well:

$$k = k_V \cos(\text{mod}[\frac{kL}{2}, \frac{\pi}{2}])$$



Infinite well:

$$k = n \frac{\pi}{L}$$

